

Question		Answer	Marks	AO	Guidance
10	(a)	$(x - 2) = 5\cos\theta \text{ and } (y - 1) = 5\sin\theta$ $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = (5\cos\theta)^2 + (5\sin\theta)^2 \text{ oe}$ $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 5^2 \text{ oe isw}$ $\text{or } \frac{(x-2)^2}{5^2} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{5^2} = 1 \text{ oe isw}$	M1 M1 A1	3.1a 1.1 1.1	allow sign errors or $\left(\frac{x-2}{5}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-1}{5}\right)^2 = \cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta$ oe may see eg $x^2 - 4x + y^2 - 2y = 20$ if M0M0 allow SC1 for $y = 1 + 5\sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x-2}{5}\right)\right)$ or $x = 2 + 5\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{y-1}{5}\right)\right)$
		[3]			
		<i>Alternatively</i> $x^2 = (2 + 5\cos\theta)^2 \text{ and } y^2 = (1 + 5\sin\theta)^2$ $x^2 + y^2 = 5 + 20\cos\theta + 10\sin\theta + 25\sin^2\theta + 25\cos^2\theta$ $x^2 + y^2 = 20 + 4x + 2y \text{ oe isw}$	M1 M1 A1	if only seen in expanded form, allow one coefficient error; allow sign errors must have terms in $\cos\theta$ and $\sin\theta$	
		<i>Alternatively</i> radius = 5 and centre is (2, 1) $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 5^2$	M1 M1 A1		allow sign error in coordinates of centre FT their centre all correct

Question		Answer	Marks	AO	Guidance
10	(b)	gradient of radius is $\frac{-4}{3}$ gradient of tangent is $\frac{3}{4}$ $(y - -3) = \frac{3}{4}(x - 5)$ oe $3x - 4y - 27 = 0$ or $-3x + 4y + 27 = 0$	B1 A1	3.1a 1.1	FT $1 \div$ their $-\frac{4}{3}$ allow one sign error; FT their $\frac{3}{4}$ may see $-3 = \frac{3}{4} \times 5 + c$
				[4]	
		Alternatively $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5\cos\theta}{-5\sin\theta}$ oe substitution of $\cos\theta = \frac{3}{5}$ and $\sin\theta = -\frac{4}{5}$ oe or (5,-3) in their $\frac{dy}{dx}$ $(y - -3) = \frac{3}{4}(x - 5)$ oe $3x - 4y - 27 = 0$ or $-3x + 4y + 27 = 0$	B1 M1 M1 A1		or $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2-x}{y-1}$ oe eg $2(x - 2) + 2(y - 1)\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3/5}{-(4/5)}$ or $\frac{2-5}{-3-1}$ oe; allow one sign error; allow one sign error; FT their $\frac{3}{4}$ may see $-3 = \frac{3}{4} \times 5 + c$
				[4]	