

A second function is defined by 
$$y = k + e^x$$
.

**(b)** A copy of the graph of  $y = e^{2x}$  is given in the Printed Answer Booklet.

- Add a sketch of the graph of  $y = k + e^x$  in a case where k is a positive constant.
- Show that the two graphs do not intersect for values of k less than  $-\frac{1}{4}$ .

(a) Describe the transformation of the graph of  $y = e^x$  that gives the graph of  $y = e^{2x}$ .

[2]

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[3]

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(d) In the case where k=2, show that the only point of intersection occurs when  $x=\ln 2$ .