2	Points A and B have position vectors $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ respectively.	
	Point C has position vector $\begin{pmatrix} p \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and ABC is a straight line.	
	(a) Find p .	[2]
	Point D has position vector $\begin{pmatrix} q \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and angle $ABD = 90^{\circ}$.	

(b) Determine the value of q.