$u_{n+1} = pu_n + q$ where p and q are constants. Given that $u_1 = 4$

(a) write down
$$u_2$$
 in terms of p and q .

2. The sequence u_1, u_2, u_3, \dots is defined by

Given also that
$$u_2 = 10$$

$$\sum_{r=1}^{3} u_r = 42$$

(b) find the value of
$$p$$
 and the value of q .

(a)
$$u_2 = pu_1 + qy = 4p + q$$

(b) Given
$$u_1 = 10$$
, $40 + 10$

) Given
$$u_z = 10$$
, $4p + q$

(b) Given
$$u_2 = 10$$
, $4p + q_1 = 10$
Given $u_1 + u_2 + u_3 = 42$

$$4 + 10 + u_3 = 42$$
 $\Rightarrow u_3 = 42 - 4 - 10 = 28$

$$But u_3 = pu_2 + q = 10p + q$$

But
$$u_3 = \rho u_2 + q = 10\rho + q$$

$$60, 10p + q = 28$$

4(3) + 9 = 10

$$u_3 = 42-4-10 = 2$$

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(1)

(3)