and  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ Give the exact value of R and give the value of  $\alpha$  in radians to 3 decimal places. (3) The temperature,  $\theta$  °C, inside a room on a given day is modelled by the equation  $\theta = 5 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{12} - 3\right) + 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{12} - 3\right) \qquad 0 \leqslant t < 24$ 

6. (a) Express  $\sin x + 2\cos x$  in the form  $R\sin(x+\alpha)$  where R and  $\alpha$  are constants, R>0

where t is the number of hours after midnight. Using the equation of the model and your answer to part (a),

(b) deduce the maximum temperature of the room during this day,

**(1)** (c) find the time of day when the maximum temperature occurs, giving your answer to the nearest minute.

(3)