13. Relative to a fixed origin O point A has position vector $10\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$ point B has position vector $-8\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j}$ point C has position vector $-2\mathbf{i} + p\mathbf{j}$ where p is a constant (a) Find \overrightarrow{AB} **(2)** (b) Find $|\overrightarrow{AB}|$ giving your answer as a fully simplified surd. **(2)**

Given that points A, B and C lie on a straight line,

(c) (i) find the value of p,

(ii) state the ratio of the area of triangle AOC to the area of triangle AOB.

(3)