In this question you must show all stages of your working.	
Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.	
The air pressure, $P \text{ kg/cm}^2$, inside a car tyre, t minutes from the instant when the tyre developed a puncture is given by the equation	
$P = k + 1.4e^{-0.5t} \qquad t \in \mathbb{R} \qquad t \geqslant 0$	
where k is a constant.	
Given that the initial air pressure inside the tyre was 2.2 kg/cm ²	
(a) state the value of k .	(1)
From the instant when the tyre developed the puncture,	
(b) find the time taken for the air pressure to fall to 1 kg/cm ² Give your answer in minutes to one decimal place.	
	(3)
(c) Find the rate at which the air pressure in the tyre is decreasing exactly 2 minutes from the instant when the tyre developed the puncture. Give your answer in kg/cm ² per minute to 3 significant figures	
Give your answer in kg/cm per minute to 3 significant figures.	(2)
	Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable. The air pressure, Pkg/cm², inside a car tyre, t minutes from the instant when the tyre developed a puncture is given by the equation P=k+1.4e⁻¹⁵t t∈ R t≥ 0 where k is a constant. Given that the initial air pressure inside the tyre was 2.2 kg/cm² (a) state the value of k. From the instant when the tyre developed the puncture, (b) find the time taken for the air pressure to fall to 1 kg/cm² Give your answer in minutes to one decimal place. (c) Find the rate at which the air pressure in the tyre is decreasing exactly 2 minutes