$x^2 + v^2 + 18x - 2v + 30 = 0$

The line *l* is the tangent to C, at the point P(-5, 7).

Find an equation of l in the form ax + by + c = 0, where a, b and c are integers to be found.

(5)

(ii) A different circle C_2 has equation

 $x^2 + v^2 - 8x + 12v + k = 0$

11. (i) A circle C_1 has equation

where k is a constant.

Given that C_2 lies entirely in the 4th quadrant, find the range of possible values for k.