Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
5(a)	$x^n \to x^{n-1}$	M1	1.1b
	$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) = 6x - \frac{24}{x^2}$	A1 A1	1.1b 1.1b
		(3)	
(b)	Attempts $6x - \frac{24}{x^2} > 0 \Rightarrow x >$	M1	1.1b
	$x > \sqrt[3]{4}$ or $x \geqslant \sqrt[3]{4}$	A1	2.5
		(2)	
			(5 marks)

Notes

(a)

M1: $x^n \to x^{n-1}$ for any correct index of x. Score for $x^2 \to x$ or $x^{-1} \to x^{-2}$

Allow for unprocessed indices. $x^2 \to x^{2-1}$ oe

A1: Sight of either $6x$ or $-\frac{24}{x^2}$ which may be un simplified.

Condone an additional term e.g. + 2 for this mark

The indices now must have been processed

A1: $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x - \frac{24}{x^2}$ or exact simplified equivalent. Eg accept $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x^1 - 24x^{-2}$

You do not need to see the $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and you should isw after a correct simplified answer.

(b)

M1: Sets an allowable $\frac{dy}{dx}$...0 and proceeds to x... via an allowable intermediate equation

$\frac{dy}{dx}$ must be in the form $Ax + Bx^{-2}$ where $A, B \neq 0$

and the intermediate equation must be of the form x^p...q oe

Do not be concerned by either the processing, an equality or a different inequality.

It may be implied by $x =$ awrt 1.59

A1: $x > \sqrt[3]{4}$ or $x \geqslant \sqrt[3]{4}$ oe such as $x > 4^{\frac{1}{3}}$ or $x \geqslant 2^{\frac{2}{3}}$