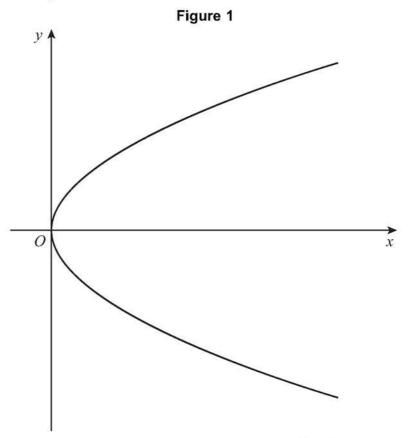
$$x = t^2$$
 and  $y = 2t$   $-\sqrt{2} \le t \le \sqrt{2}$ 

is shown in Figure 1 below.



8 (a) Find a Cartesian equation of the curve in the form  $y^2 = f(x)$ 

8 (b)

The point A lies on the curve where t = a

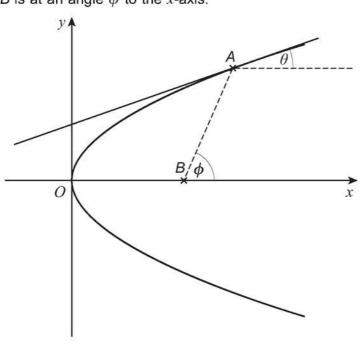
A parallel to the

[2 marks]

The tangent to the curve at A is at an angle  $\theta$  to a line through A parallel to the x-axis.

The point B has coordinates (1, 0)

The line AB is at an angle  $\phi$  to the x-axis.



8 (b) (i) By considering the gradient of the curve, show that

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{a}$$

[3 marks]

**8 (b) (ii)** Find  $\tan \phi$  in terms of a.

[2 marks]

**8 (b) (iii)** Show that  $\tan 2\theta = \tan \phi$ 

[3 marks]