has exactly one solution for x > 0[3 marks]  $2\pi$  $\dot{\pi}$ By considering a suitable change of sign, show that the solution to the equation lies 7 (b) between 0.4 and 0.6 [2 marks] Show that the equation can be rearranged to give 7 (c)  $x = \frac{1}{2}\cos^{-1}x$ [2 marks] Use the iterative formula 7 (d) (i)  $x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}\cos^{-1}x_n$ with  $x_1 = 0.4$ , to find  $x_2$ ,  $x_3$  and  $x_4$ , giving your answers to four decimal places. [2 marks] 7 (d) (ii) On the graph below, draw a cobweb or staircase diagram to show how convergence takes place, indicating the positions of  $x_2$ ,  $x_3$  and  $x_4$ . [2 marks] 0.8

By sketching the graphs of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  and  $y = \sec 2x$  on the axes below, show that the

 $\frac{1}{x} = \sec 2x$ 

7 (a)

